Vol. XLIII... No. 13,321.

FOREIGN NEWS.

TOPICS IN MANY LANDS. THE AFFIRMATION BILL CONTROVERSY - IRISH

MURDER CONSPIRACIES-THE TRIALS IN DUBLIN. The London cable letter to THE TRIBUNE gives some phases of the controversy over the Affirmation bill. Few persons in London credit the reported arrest of Sheridan and Walsh; the Government consider the evidence against these men sufficient to warrant their extradition. Fitzharris's acquittal in Dublin, on the charge of complicity in the Phonix Park murders, was due to the favorable charge of Justice O'Brien. It is believed that the confessions of the men who have most recently turned informers complete the story of the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke. large number of members from all parts of England attended the opening of the National Liberal Club, which was a great success. The third trial of Timothy Kelly in Dublin will begin to-morrow. Preparations are being made in London for the rifle match at Wimbledon.

BRADLAUGH AND IRELAND.

[BT CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 5 .- The defeat of the Ministry on the Affirmation bill will not cause their resignation, but cool observers believe that their position has been seriously shaken. The anti-Bradlaugh campaign throughout the country, conducted for months past with unscrupulous energy, has had the result of rousing into malevolent activity all the latent bigotry and intolerance. There has been no corresponding effort on the other side; hence, as Mr. Gladstone admitted in his great speech, the effect of the controversy has been injurious to the Liberal party. This effect is sure to be enhanced by Thursday's vote. The waverers are already quitting a Government which with a nominal majority of eighty allows itself to be defeated on a measure for which Mr. Gladstone made one of the greatest speeches of his life, The whole question remains open, a constant source of animosities and irritations and of fresh defections from the Liberal ranks. The Ministers say that they prefer defeat to a narrow majority with the prospect of further contests in committee and the certainty of the ultimate loss of the measure in the House of Lords. Seven nominal non-Irish Liberals voted against the Ministry. Mr. Samuel Morley, who recommended Mr. Bradlaugh to the Northampton electors, stayed away. The Tory majority was actually due to a series of small accidents; for example, Sir George Campbell's illness; one Liberal who had dined too well went into the wrong lobby; and the third was enchained by Tory beauty till the division was over. The Tories, instinctively aware that a heavy blow had been dealt the Government, indulged in delirious demonstrations of delight.

Mr. Bradlaugh's appeal last night for permission to take the oath was foredoor ed to denial, but was supported by himself in a speech dignified, logical, eloquent, altogether unanswerable, and sufficient to reconquer the sympathies of people not blinded by partisan or theological rancor. The House gave its usual stolid negative majority.

THE DUBLIN INDICTMENTS.

Few believed the report circulated yesterday in Dublin and London of the arrest in New-York of Walsh and Sheridan. The Government consider the evidence on which the Grand Jury found true bills against them and Tynan as amply sufficient to warrant their extradition. They would themselves extradite in a similar case. No request will be addressed to Washington except in the regular course of legal proceedings. The communications hitherto exchanged respecting the preparation of plots in America did not originate in London. The Standard's New-York correspondent telegraphs fairly THE TRIBUNE'S explicit declaration against the fantastic confusion of murder and politics, but astonishes the public by adding his own belief that the majority of Americans are opposed to the surrender of

The acquittal of Fitzgerald was the consequence of Justice O'Brien's strong charge in his favor, and disposes of all cavils against the farmess of the jury trials. The Dublin authorities, in spite of the second disagreement of the jury in the case of Kelly. have no intention to have recourse to a tribunal of judges, nor to a change of venue to Belfast. Delaney's testimony as to Kelly's share in the Phoenix Park murders will strengthen the case of the proseention, but will not insure conviction, since it was not a deficiency of evidence which caused the previous failures of justice. The confessions of Delanev and Caffrey practically complete the account of the Phonix Park murders, and their truthfulness is admitted.

THE AMERICAN CONVENTIONS.

American testimony to the moderation of the Irish conventions at Philadelphia excites mild astonishment among English statesmen, to whom the conventions are mainly significant as avowing the purpose to break up the United Kingdom. It is considered that Mr. Parnell's presidency of a seditious league, including American branches, for which he is responsible, but which he cannot control, may yet bring him into trouble here. The appeal to laborers is interpreted as meaning that Mr. Parnell is convinced that Irish farmers are too well satisfied with the working of the Land act to give efficient support to further agitation.

A LIBERAL DEMONSTRATION.

The opening ceremony of the National Liberal Club was really a magnificent demonstration, nineteen hundred members from all parts of the country dining together in the Aquarium. The provincials, consisting mainly of delegates of Liberal associations, made the gathering peculiarly representative. They gave Mr. Gladstone a wonderful reception, and sat patiently through Lord Granville's clever, but half-andible, speech. The vastness of the space proved too much even for Mr. Gladstone's voice after the first ten minutes. His address was powerful, but was ill-adapted to the occasion comparatively ineffective. Lord Rosebery was heard throughout his brief but pointed speech. His and Mr. John Morley's views of the Liberalism of the future offered a sharp contrast.

papers this morning in considering the exhibition not above mediocrity, with a general lack of originality, learning and refinement, even of energy. Mr Millais sends chiefly portraits, Mr. Tadema one masterpiece of antique genré, Mr. Leighton several examples of technical perfection, and Mr. Orchardson an elaborate scene of Voltaire at the Duke de Sully's table, which is reckoned the chief sensational picture of the year. Fildes, Boughton, Holl, Hook and Poynter have important contributions. Mr. Frith's picture of a private view at the Royal Academy is a triumph of vulgarity, wherein not a few of his fellow Academi-

cians keep him com pany. DRAMATIC AND PERSONAL.

At the Haymarket will be given to-night Mr. Herman Merivale's English version of Victorien Sardou's "Fédora," with Mrs. Bernard Beere in the title role. The play has been elaborately prepared and mounted. Miss Gertrude Kellogg appeared on Tuesday at the Gaiety matinee in several scenes in "Macbeth," and was kindly noticed by the English papers. Kate Vaughan's benefit at the same house on Thursday drew a fashionable and crowded house, the Prince of Wales being present, and people paying forty guineas for a box.

Admiral Baldwin is here from the fleet at Graves

Mr. and Mrs. John Hay will sail on Thursday in

PHASES OF THE 1RISH CONSPIRACIES. DUBLIN, May 5 .- Fitzharris will be tried by a special jury as an accessory to the murder of Under Secretary Burke and for the murder of Lord Fred-erick Cavendish. An entirely new jury panel has been summoned.

MR. BRADLAUGH AND THE COMMONS. LONDON, May 5 .- If in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon the motion for the previous question, pending the proposition of Sir Stafford Northcote that Mr. Bradlaugh be not allowed to take the oath, had been carried instead of being defeated, the effect would have been to prevent the putting of Sir Stafford's motion. The ultimate result would have been, therefore, that in the absence of any instructions from the House such as he had sought, the Speaker would have been compelled to permit Mr. Bradlaugh to take the oath, as he requested at the opening of the session. The successful operation of the previous question was the chief hope of the supporters of Mr. Bradlaugh, who announces that he has, in view of yesterday's developments, decided to visit his constituents formally to londer his resignation as their elected representative.

PREPARING FOR THE RIFLE MATCH. London, May 5,-Lord Brownlow has been appointed chairman of the committee which has charge of the arrangements for the forthcoming International rifle match. The other members of the committee are Sir Henry Halford, Colonel McDonald, of Edinburgh, and Messra, Walrond, Young, Humphrey, Waller and Scriven. A system of district aides has been organized to superintend the local practice of candidates for admission to the team. There will be a competition shortly before the Wimbledon meeting, at which will be selected twenty-five candidates for the team, and at the end of the first week at Wimbledon there will be a further selection of eighteen for the team and for reserve members of it.

DISCUSSION IN THE FRENCH SENATE.

Paris, May 5.—In the Senate to-day M. Batble contended that the decision of the Council of State, which renders clergymen of all ranks liable to suspension of their stipends, was a violation of the Concordat. He declared that the Government had entered upon a downward course. M. Martin-Feuillee, Minister of Justice, replied that the Council faithfully interpreted the Concordat.

The Council of Ministers has instructed M. Herisson, Minister of Commerce, to examine into the question of rescinding the interdict on salted meats The Budget Committee has been elected. All the Opposition candidates were excluded.

FIGHTING IN PERU.

LIMA, May 5 .- The Diari Official reports that Colonel Canto has had two engagements with Caceres's forces at Balconiello and Pampas de Sicaya, In both fights he routed the enemy, capturing a cannon and forty rifles. The Chilians had four killed and tweive wounded, and the Monteneros, fitty-nine led. Czecres is at Tarta. His troops are de-ralized.

SUPPOSED FUGITIVE CLERKS ARRESTED. HAVANA, May 5 .- Two Americans, supposed to be W. H. Sinclair and S. B. Holliday, the cierks who robbed their employers, Mesers, Lang, Robinson & Co., flour merchants of New-York have been arrested at Nuevitas. They were brought to Havana yesterday, where they are held pending the arrival of the proper papers under the Extradition act.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

Hong Kong, March 27.-Russian officials here announce their intention of negotiating a treaty with Corea. This act has been hitherto delayed, owing, it is believed, to the strong desire of Russia that no reaty should be concluded with any Western nation by which the port of Gensum, on the eastern const. should be opened to foreigners. This port has long been coveted be opened to to calculate. The port has long been covered by Russia, and it is understood that arrangements could be made with Japan by which the latter would waive any rights she has obtained by treaty with Coren. Now that the United States has ratified the Shufeldt treaty, the prospect of Russian occupation of the desired port cannot be realized.

named be realized.

It is reported in Peking that an Imperial mandate has
been sent to the King of Annam, urging him to visit
Peking wishout delay to confer upon the Tonquin

FOREIGN NOTES.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., May 5 .- An accidental explosion occurred in the Government powder magazine situated on Priddy's Hard, in Portsmouth Harber. The milding was completely demolished. Six persons were

BERLIN, May 5 .- It is announced that a marriage has seen arranged between the hereditary Prince of Anhait and the second daughter of Crown Prince Frederick

VIENNA, May 5.-The meeting of King Humbert of Italy and the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, which was to have taken place at Berlin this spring, has been postponed until November.

VIENNA, May 5 .- Lust night 1,000 bakers' assistants on strike engaged in a rio at the Assembly Rooms. Si-multaneously with this outbreak a demonstration was made in another part of the city by 400 more strikers. LONDON, May 5 .- A dispatch has been received from Fabreez, Persia, reporting that that city has been visited by an earthquake which destroyed a great many houses and caused the death of a large number of persons. ROME, May 5.—The reply of the Prussian Government o the letter of Cardinal Jacobini, the Papal Secretary of State, it is believed will be favorable to the demands of

CITY OF MEXICO, May 5 .- The national holiday in nonor of Zaragosa's victory at Puebla in 1862 was cel ebrated to-day with much enthusiasm. General Diaz and party arrived last night on a special train from

THE IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONERSHIP.

Kings County Democrats are excited over the rejection of Mr. Murtha's nomination for Immigration Commissionership, and freely express their resentmen against Tammany men for causing it. "I think," said Controller Brinkherhoff, "that the effect of Mr. Murtha's rejection will be to renew all the old fend between Tam many and the regulars. "Boss" McLaughlin said that the effect on the party in Kings County would be very

Liberalism of the future offered a sharp contrast.

Mr. Morley delivered an address ominous, if not menacing, in its iconoclastic Radicalism.

The New Pictures.

The private view at the Royal Academy yester-day was less crowded than usual, owing to the restriction of invitations. Those present agreed with the contings to the effect on the party in Kings County would be very bad.

COMPANIES DETERMINED TO LIVE.

BURLINGTON, Ia., May 5.—Ithe additors of the flower bar of the said and contennal Life and the Continue business notwithstanding the action of the state Auditor in revoking their licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor in revoking their licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor's never licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor in revoking their licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor in revoking their licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor's action of the state Auditor in revoking their licenses, and will take legal steps to determine whether the Auditor's action of the state Auditor

NEW-YORK, SUNDAY, MAY 6, 1883.-TWELVE PAGES. discuss the question and take action on it at our next regular meeting, on May 28."

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

PROGRESS OF THE WEST SHORE. FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. KINGSTON, N. Y., May 5 .- The West Shore Railway bridge over Rondout Creek is now nearly com-pleted, and it is expected that the rails will be laid and a comotive will run over it by Monday or Tuesday next. it is over 1,200 feet long and about 150 feet from the water, and it is one of the most imposing and substantial structures on the line. The cost of material and erection will be over \$300,000. In regard to the completion of this road and the opening of the line for business, for which so many dates have been given from time to time, Mr. Monett, the general passenger agent, new assures a Tribune correspondent that every effort will be made to open the line from New-York to Syracuse by June 15, next; and he says it may be stated confidently that the road will be in full operation by July I. Arrangements have already been perfected for through passenger busi-ness via Albany and South Schenectady to all points reached by the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company's Railroad. Tourists' tickets will be sold to all points of interest to summer travellers. cached by the Denaware and Hudson Canal Saliroad. Tourisis' tickets will be sold to all points of atterest to summer travellers. Newnung, N. Y., May 5.—General Winslow, president; L. E. Childs, assistant general superintendent, and other Vest Shore Railroad officials, passed through this city oday on a trip of inspection over the road. They left here for Kingston and Albany at 10 a. m., on a special

EAST BOUND SHIPMENTS FROM CHICAGO. CHICAGO, May 5.—The following is a com

parative statement in tons of the shipments east from

Route.	Fiour.	Grain.	Provi-	Total.	Per Cut'ge
Michigan Central. Lake Shore and Michigan Souther I Pittsburg. Fort Wayne and Chicago. Cheago, St. Louis and Pittsburg. Baltimore and Ohio. Chicago and Gr. Trunk	1,324	4,634	2,543	8,501	23,4
	581	1,975	1,374	3,930	10.9
	1,391	6,128	1,880	8,399	23.1
	1,126 198 738	1,067 1,256 6,276	1,684 173 543	3,877 1,627 7,637	10.6
New-York, Chicago and St. Louis	none	2,456	24	2,480	6.8
Total	5,858	22,792	8,221	36,371	100.

THE FIRE RECORD.

THREE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH.

KINGSTON, N. Y., May 5 .- Early this mornng a fire broke out in a building owned by Matthew Lankin, jr., at Meadow and Chambers sts. It was occu pied by Moses Rosenburg. His wife, with himself and were at once imprisoned by the flames below. She amped from the window, followed by two of the chiloren, who were caught safely by some men below. The cries of the other children being heard within, the father was told to recret them and throw them out; but it is said he refused to make the attempt, but at once spring to the ground himself, leaving Rosa, age fourteen, and David, age four, to perisal in the flames. The adjoining grocery store of Jusqua Costolio and several dwelling apartments also were destroyed. The alarm was not prompilly given, and the fire was under full headway when the liremen arrived. en, who were caught safely by some men below. The

BRADFORD, Penn., May 5 .- Six buildings in the business portion of Tarport were burned this morning. George O'Neill, sleeping in a saloon where the fire started, was fatally burned and died this afternoon.

HEAVY LOSS AT UNION CITY, IND. Union City, Ind., May 5.-A destructive fire

broke out here last night in the extensive lumber yard and planing unils of Peter Kuntz & Co., and by 9 p. most of the western portion of the city was in ruins. All on Pearl-st., was destroyed. Branham's residence and on Farrel, was assiryed. Braining storage of the restaurant were among the first buildings burned; then the Far Highdle office, the lumber yard, the large brick house north of it, and a nong row of residences and business houses on Pearlet, to Kulm's mill, where the flames were finally checked. No loss of life has been reported. The estimated loss is a quarter of a million dollars.

A DARTMOUTH PROFESSOR INJURED. HANOVER, N. H., May 5 .- Eight dwellings with outbuildings, on Lebanon-st., were burned to-day. Professor Henry E. Parker, of Dartmouth, while on a adder passing water buckets, was struck by a failing chimney and had his skull crushed. He is in a critical chance for recovery. The losses of nine persons are thout \$25,000, upon which there is an insurance of thout \$15,000. condition but is considered by the physicians to have a

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. READING, Penn., May 5 .- A large force of

nen were engaged all last night in fighting a fire on Fancy Hill in the eastern section of Berks County. The ong. Some of the men were badly burned but with a ortunate change of wind the fire was subdued before any damage had been done to buildings.

Bosros, May 5.—The store and dwelling of Richard

CAIRO, Ill., May 5 .- Hollidays Bros' warehouse and effices on the Ohto levee were destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is \$30,000; insured.

EMPLOYERS AND LABORERS.

St. Paul, Minn., May 5 .- Six hundred laborers on the Manitoba Rallway, between Minneapolis and Lake Minnetonka, asked for an advance of wages rom \$1 50 to \$1 75 per day. The leaders in the affair threw down their tools and declared that no one should work until the advance was made. They then started down the track, stopping the men at work. All the cars were run off the track, and further threats were made. A portion of the crew, under the direct control of the runroad, resumed work under the protection of armed

READING, May 5 .- The puddlers at the Reading Iron Norks who had asked an advance in wages from \$3.50 to \$3.75 per ton and were refused, have now effered to to \$3.75 per ton and work at the old rate if paid semi-monthly. The company holds the matter under consideration. A new schedule of wages has been announced at McIlvaine's Rolling Mil, which reduces the pay of puddiers 15 to 20 cents per ton and that of helpers 3 cents per ton.

Easton, May 5 .- The employes of the Glendon Iron Company have been informed that the wages for May will be 10 to 15 per cent less than in April. The com-pany has five furnaces in blast.

The girl eigarettee makers to the juumber of 150 narched in procession from the West Side Germania Assembly Rooms to the factory of the Kinney Tobacco paid off. A detachment of police was present and the were informed by the cashler that they might consider themselves discharged, and that if they desired to return to the cumployment of the commany they should make application as new hands. A meeting of the strikers was subsequently hold in the West Side Germania Assembly Rooms. Great confidence in the jultimate success of the strike was expressed.

Mr. Butler, representing the Kinney Tobacco Company, said to a Thinking reporter yesterday that in his opinion the strike was about over. New hands were being employed and taughts to that the absence of the old employes would soon cease to be noticed. The company, he said, had thus far met with no difficulty in fillingall of its orders. were informed by the cashler that they might

SUIT AGAINST A MAYOR.

WATERBURY, Conn., May 5,-A suit for \$10,000 damages was to-day brought against Greene Kendrick, Mayor of this city, by William Clark, a me chanic, for alleged criminal intimacy with the latter's write. Plaintiff alleges that Kendrick aeduced his write October 13, 1882, and since then he has lost her affection and has been deprived of her society and assistance, which he otherwise would have had, and has suffered great distress of body and mind.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

A TOWN WITHOUT LIQUOR LICENSES. BORDENTOWN, N. J., May 5.—The City Council of teverly met last night and refused to grant liquor iteenses in hat place. No licenses have been granted there for over two ears.

A LOW DEATH RATE.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 5.—The report of the Health
officer of this city shows only one death in Savannah among
the white population for the week ending this morning, and
that one from apoplexy. NORFOLK, Va., May 5.—Much uncasiness is felt in regard to the safety of the growing crop of rish potatoes. The potatoes have rotted badly, and some of the farmer think they will not raise half a crop. The crops generally are greatly retarded.

COMPANIES DETERMINED TO LIVE.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

KEIM'S PROSPECTS BAD. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, May 5 .- From all that can be learned the probability that Mr. Keim will become Chief Examiner of the Civil Service is extremely weak. Not for a long time, if ever before, has the proposition to appoint a man to any responsible office been received with such a unanimous expression of disapprobation and surprise. Excepting one or two newspapers, whose editors miss no opportunity to sneer at any proposition to reform the Civil Service, the Republican press of the country has condemned the proposition to appoint Mr. Keim Probably the Civil Service Commissioners as well as the President realize fully that to appoint Mr. Keim Chief Examiner in the face of almost unanimous protest from the press, from Civil Service Re form associations and from the public generally, would be greatly to impair, if not entirely to destroy, public confidence in the commission, and largely to discredit the law itself

All those who have heard the President discuss the new law or who have observed his actions respecting it, believe that while he is disposed to treat with the utmost respect the views and recommenlations of the Commissioners, he will take no step which in his judgment would endanger a fair trial of the measure. It is expected, now that the rules have been virtually approved, that speedy action will be taken in regard to the Chief Examinership, and that in the next two or shree days the office will be tilled. It is not improbable that on or before Menday next Mr. Keim will receive an intimation that his voluntary withdrawal from the field will be a relief to others and, on the whole, an act of wisdom for himself. In that way he can save his own dignity, and if he is really so earnest and sincere a Civil Service reformer as he professes to be, he can do so cheered by the consciousness that in no other way can be do the cause a greater service. Whether he does so or not, however, it is rather safe to predict that he will not be Chief Examiner. will be taken in regard to the Chief Examinership,

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CABINET.

Washington, May 5 .- At the special meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon the Civil Service regulations were further, and, it is understood, finally considered. All the members of the Cabinet and the mem-bers of the Civil Service Commission were present.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

Washington, May 5 .- Through a miscalcuation in surveying the lands for the Zuni Indian resertions of the Government that the reservation should include the springs which lie directly northeast of the boundary line of the reservation were not carried out. Recently it has been charged that Paymaster William T. Tucker, son-in-law of Senator Logan, and his associates, have taken up six claims-three "desert" and three iomestead-containing in all 2,400 acres which embrace the springs mentioned. It is further charged that should the water supply of the Zunis would be practically cut off. In the absence of a survey of these claims, however, they are rendered void by the issuance of an executive order amending the original order so as to include within the limits of the Zuni reservation an additional tract of land on which the springs are situated. It was learned at the General Land Office to-day that William F. Tucker, Ir., field an application for these lands in the Santa Fe Land Office on November 27, 1882.

CHANGES IN THE SIGNAL BUREAU.

Washington, May 5 .- Four officers now attached to the Signal Corps will be relieved from duty in this city. July 1, and ordered to proceed to jun their eaptain 6th Infantry; Colonel William H. Clapp, captain 16th Infantry; Captain S. M. Mills, 5th Artillery, and Lieutenant Richard P. Strong, 4th Artillery. The

latter officer has been in command at Fort Whipple
Station in 1866.
General William B. Hazen, Chief Signal Officer, will
return on Tuesday morning from his tern to Fiorida.
The application of Lieutenant Joseph S. Powell of the
Signal Corps, announced this week to be permitted to
accommany Lieutenant Garlington's expedition to Lady
Franklin hay for the relief of Lieutenant Greny wit
party, will not be acted upon until after the return of
General Hazen.

THE ACCOUNTS OF DR. JOSEPH. Washington, May 5 .- A statement concern-

ng the accounts of the late Dr. Joseph, disbursing clerk of the Department of the Interior, was made to-day, of which the following is a portion :

"Payments made by the late Dr. Jeseph out of the moneya appropriated for the Freedmen's Hospital during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, were under authority of a warrant signed by the Lecretary of the authority of a warrant signed by the decretary of the Treasury, and countersigned by the Controller and by the Assistant Register, showing that of the appropriations therein 'specified' was one of \$41,800 for the 'support of Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum during 1882.' Accordingly, upon proper approved vouchers, the late disbursing officer poid that amount for the 'support of the Freedmen's Rospital and Asylum during the year 1882.' Not one cent was expended in excess of the appropriation, or in violation of the Treasury warrant."

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Washington, May 5 .- The leave of absence granted Captain Frederick A. Hinman, Corps of Engineers, November 6, 1882, has been extended to June 1883, on account of sickness. The extension of leave of absence on surgeon's certificate of disability granted Major David Krause, 5th Infantry, November 8, 1882, has been further extended six months on surgeon's cer tificate of disability. Leave of absence for six months has been granted Second Lieutenant J. F. Reynolds Landts, 1st Cavalry. Surgeon William J. Simon has been ordered to the

Surgeon William J. Simon has been detailed. United States practice-ship Constellation.

Naval Cadet O. E. Weller has been detached from the Tembesses and ordered to examination for graduation. The Enterprise was at Cape Town, South Africa, April 2, and was to leave in a few days for the Island of Madagascar.

WASHINGTON NOTES. Washington, Saturday, May 5, 1883.

the offer to release the appraiser's stores in New-York lity at an annual rental of \$64,500. AN OFFER ACCEPTED .- Secretary Folger has accepted THE SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL LEASED.-The Treasury De

partment has leased the Seamen's Hospital on Staten Island, New York, for the use of the Marine Hospital A NEW BANK AUTHORIZED.-The Controller of the

Currency has authorized the First National Bank of Pierre, Dakota Territory, to begin business with a capi-TO SUCCEED DR. JOSEPH.-George W. Evans, formerly

assistant disbursing officer of the Department of the Interior, was to-day promoted to be disbursing officer, vie Dr. Joseph, deceased. REVENUE MARINE PROMOTIONS.—Second Assistant En-

gineers F. B. Randall and Horace C. Whitworth, of the Ecvenue Marine Service, have been promoted to be first assistant engineers, to fill vacancies. PROMOTIONS IN THE PATENT OFFICE,-Charles J. Kint-

ner, of Michigan, formerly chief clerk of the Patent Office, was to-day promoted to be principal examiner of patents, vice F. L. Freeman, resigned. Schuyler Duryce, of Virginia, formerly chief of division in the Patent Office, was appointed chief clerk, and Samuel Mulliken, of New-Jersey, formerly chief clerk of the Department of Justice, was appointed chief of division.

TROUBLES OF BUSINESS MEN. Moritz Stern, William Stern and William

Rosenstein, composing the firm of Louis Rosenstein & Co., importers of fruits at No. 317 Greenwich-st., made an assignment yesterday to Leopold Friedenberg, giving preferences for \$128,708 to the North River Bank, \$10,000 on discounted notes; Importers and Traders' National Bank, \$27,402 on discounted notes; H. K. & F. B. Thurber & Co., \$5,806 for money loaned; Isaac Stern & Co., of Germany, \$85,500 on open account. The latter firm are the correspondents of the assignees, from whom they imported their goods. Rosenstein & Co. did a large business, were regarded as energetic, and are said to have made money in 1879, 1880 and 1881, but since then some of their importations were not profitable, and they met with losses on account of the demoralized condition of the fruit trade. They were credmortalized commission of the fruit state. It is a few months ago. Kurzman & Yoaman, the attorneys of the firm, said yesterday that the liabilities were about \$250,000. The assets were valued at about \$175,000, composed principally of stock and good outstanding accounts. The failure was the result of the depression in the fruit trade, heavy losses lately, and depreciation in prices.

two-fifths in cash on June 15, one-fifth in cash on July 15, one in notes payable December 15, and the balance n notes payable June 15, 1884. The notes will be

secured by mortgage on the East Hampton property, and this settlement is understood to depend on Governor Knight's being able to earry out his plans for continuing the business at East Hampton. The insolvency proceedings will be stayed for two weeks to see whether he can dispose of 1,500 shares for the East Hampton company at a par value of \$100.

Liveway Penn, May 5, 4 Pittsburg bank obtained UNIONTOWN, Penn., May 5 .- A Pittsburg bank obtained

udgment yesterday for \$20,000 on a note of A. O Tinstman & Co., well-known coke operators. It is said that the firm will be compelled to make an assignment on Monday. Their assets are about \$100,000 and their liabilities considerably above that figure.

BUFFALO, May 5.-The failure of the Jost Brewing Company is announced, and they have made an assignment.

MR. VANDERBILT SAILS FOR EUROPE. WHAT HE SAYS ABOUT HIS RETIREMENT AND

ABOUT TRYING THE YOUNG MEN. William H. Vanderbilt sailed for Europe on the White Star steamship Britannic yesterday afternoon. He has crossed the Atlantic on the same ship several times, and, as he stood yesterday at the door of the captain's cabin, he seemed perfectly at home. Members of his family crowded around him, while officers of the railroads whose control he has abdicated struggled to bid him farewell. His wife, who is not able to endure the crush always preceding the sailing of a popular ship, was not present; nearly all the other members of his family on both sides were there. His sons and his daughters with their husbands showed honor to

daughters with their husbands showed honor to him. His youngest son, who accompanies him on his trip, stood near him. His nucle, Jacob H. Vanderbilt, his only other companion, did not appear on the upper deck.

To a Tribune reporter Mr. Vanderbilt said: "I am going to Europe for a few weeks, but I don't want you to say that I am going for my health. I shall return on the same slip and then, with other members of my family, I shall make a second trip, from which I shall return some time in September. No, there is nothing remarkable about this. I have decided simply that instead of spending the summer at Saratoga I will be on the water or in Europe. I have an idea that the ocean trip is good for me."

"Permit me to inquire about your retirement from the control of your railroads," the reporter remarked.

remarked. Oh, that doesn't amount to a great

remarked.

"Oh, that doesn't amount to a great deal. I wanted to see how the young men would get along without me. I have had little to do with the practical management of the roads for a long time, as you very well knew. It is better that these young men should be treel before I go for good. The promotions, in my opinion, are excellent ones and most deserved. I have no doubt that the railroads will be managed better than they have been by me. I certainly do not regret the step I have taken."

"But they say that you have sold your stock."

"Some of the people down town say that," Mr. Vanderbilt replied, "but they don't know anything about it. I am not selling stocks, and the roads of which I have recently been president will not suffer from the lack of my support. I shall preserve my interest in them."

In reply to an inquiry whether he would buy any paintings during his absence abroad, Mr. Vanderbilt smil; "I do not expect to do so. I bought one of the Salon pictures by telegraph a day or two ago, and I unders'and that the purchases of all American buyers will be allowed to be removed before the close of the Salon because of the daty which will be imposed on July I. There is no excuse for this tax, in my opinion, for it certainly does not protect any American industry. There is no real competition between European and American artists. The duty which it is proposed to lay on foreign painttition between European and American artists. The duty which it is proposed to lay on foreign paintings is unreasonable and unjust. It will not help American artists a bit. I hope it will never be enforced."

The public announcement of Mr. Vanderbilt's retirement from the presidencies of the railroads under his control caused little excitement in Wall Street yesterday. The prices of the Vanderbit stocks were lower, but the dealings, except at the opening, were not active.

INDIANS DEFEATED BY FEDERAL TROOPS.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 5 .- A dispatch to The Times Democrat from Hermosillo, Mexico, says: "An engagement took place yesterday at Suequaech Cañon. 163 miles southeast of here, between the Apaches and the Federal troops, resulting in the defeat of the Indians, who sustained a loss of twelve killed and many wounded. Three of the troops were killed and five wounded. The fight lasted an hour

PRESIDENT McCOSH URGED TO REMAIN.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE] PRINCETON, N. J., May 5 .- The committee otice of his intention to resign the presidency of the llege, met here to-day. Having sent for Dr. McCosh, they told him that they had been unable to fix upon any erson whom they were prepared to recommend for the person whom they were prepared to recommend for the office of president, and urged him to hold his position for a time. Dr. McCosh then said: "I will not leave the college in difficulty, but whatever the trustees wish to do it is to be understood that it is done on their assing and responsibility." The committee then decided to request the trustees to appoint a Dean of Faculty, to relieve the Fresident of some of his duties; and it is generally understood that the person they have in view is Dr. Murray, the present professor of English librature. Nothing further will be done until commencement.

ent. I we chairs in the new School of Philosophy have been dowed be known respectively as the Frime and arquant chairs, and \$60,000 has been given from the rederick Marquant estate to establish the proposed t School. None of this money is to be used for build-

TO RE HUNTED LIKE WILD BEASTS.

St. Louis, May 5 .- Van Buren County, Ark., is held in terror by two escaped convicts, James Miller and Thomas Katha in, wao have made an almost inaccessible part of Boston Mountain their refuge, and from which they emerge and commit depredations on property, not stopping at murder. Twenty men, includng some of the best citizens of Van Buren County, under ing some of the best chizens of van Barrin county, thater the command of Colonel Richard Poe, have started out to put down the outlaws. Should they be found they will be killed on sight. As Miller and Katharin are well-armed and desperate men, it is feared that some of their pursuers whi be slain before they are exterminated.

CHARLES F. FREEMAN NOT TO BE TRUSTED.

Boston, May 5 .- In the Supreme Court this afternoon, an application was made by counsel for Charles F. Freeman, who kided his child at Pocasset, in April, 1879, while under a religious fanaticism, for the release of Freeman on bail, on the ground that he is now a sane man. Chief Justice Morton said the full Court did not feel that the time had arrived when, after exposure to the temptations of the world, Freeman might not have a recurrence of religious excitement, and refused to admit him to bail.

ELLIS P. PHIPPS CONVICTED.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5 .- The jury in the case of Ellis P. Phipps, ex-Almhouse Superintendent. charged with forgery, after being out all night, returned a verdict of guilty this morning. The Court granted the request of counsel for Phipps for an arrest of judgment for four days, in which to prepare a motion for a

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

SUICIDE OF A NEW-JERSEY FARMER. ORDENTOWN, N. J., May 5.—Edwin Bullock, a duly farmer living at Jacobstown, in a fit of despondency mitted suicide this morning by cutting his threat. POISONED BY MORPHINE.

TROY, May 5.—Henry Clay Holmes died at Schuylerville this morning from an overdose of morphine, taken in
mistake for quinine. The deceased was widely known in
saratoga and Washington Counties.

Saratoga and Washington Counties.

MURDERED FOR A STICK OF WOOD.

JAMESTOWN, Dak., May 5.—Chauncy Hilligars, of
Bedford County, Penn., and William Ferte, two surveyors,
had a quarrel last night, when Hilligars knocked Ferte down
and was choking him, when the latter stabled his assailant in
rhe stomach fatally. The quarrel related to a sick of wood,
which Hilligars proposed to use as a pillow, and which Ferte
burned.

burned.

ONVICTED OF MURDERING A WOMAN.

GETTYSBURG, Penn., May 5.—The jury in the case of John Coyle, jr., on trial for the murder of Miss Emily Myers, in York County, in 1881, to-day returned a verdict of muriller in the arist degree. BATTLES BETWEEN GAME COCKS.

NORFOLK, Va., May 5.—A cocking main between New York and Philadelphia birds was fought in Pertsmouth last night. It lasted all night. Seven battics were fought, of which Philadelphia won live. MONEY RAISED ON SPURIOUS NOTES.

ROCHESTER, May 5.—A woman named Cleveland in Tuestay last disposed of notes for \$1,300, to H. G. Dehern, of Leroy, which are found to be spurious.

BOTO, of Lergy, which are found to be spurious.

SHOT DEAD ON A TRAITS.

CLINTON, M.O. May 5.—William Nichols, a traveling salesman of machinery for the firm of L. H. Cockrell & Jos. of Dallas, Fex., was shot and killed last evening by tharles Adams, on the east-bound passenger train. Adams is aid to live at Carrollton, ill.

PRINCETON, N. J.. May 5.—George Vannest, a farmer, living near Hamilton Square, age sixty, in driving over the Pennsylvania Halifond crossing this morning, was struck by a passenger train and instantly killed.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TOPICS FROM THREE CITIES

BOSTON.

BUTLERISM AND RUM IN POLITICS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

BOSTON, May 5 .- The tussle between Butler and the remainder of the State authorities has this week come to the rough-and-tumble stage. The Governor, as soon as he could recover from his chagrin at the Board of Health, Lunaey and Charity taking charge of the Almshouse, as he directed, without removing the Marshes, informed them in a letter that he would pay none of their appointees there, The Board responded in the guise of an interview that they had created no new offices, and that the pay of their representatives at the Almshouse was already provided for; furthermore, that they are not the agent of the Governor, but of the people of the State, and, as he had himself complained in his inaugural, not under his control.

But the most extraordinary news of the week is Butler's proposition to take the Almshouse upon his own shoulders, and pay the expenses out of his own pocket. This he has proposed, both in his sancy letter to the Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity, and in a conference with a committee of the Legislature. He calculates on this being refused, or if in the deadlock on appropriations and crippling of all regular procedure which he is trying to bring about he can pay the bills a while from his private purse, that it will harvest a paying

The discovery that Superintendent Marsh had ina ivertently neglected to renew his Board since 1881, and hence that the Almshouse is without a legal superintendent, solves the question as to the Marshes "going," but not in the way Butler tancies. He wants to eject somebody, and now it will probably be the Board of Health, or perhaps only its secretary. Whether he can remove the Board, or its secretary, and how he is going to work about it, are now the objects of expectant curiosity.

Interviews with a number of leading Democrats of this State indicate that Butler has "slopped over" badly in all this business. Leverett Saltonstall, representing the "blue blood" Bourbon Democracy ; Frank W. Bird, of the ex-Liberal Republican wing, and General A. P. Martin, a moderate and public-spirited Democrat locally much respected, all testify that Butler has shocked and disgusted this community, and not only gained no votes, but lost them among his own supporters. The interviews were primarily sought to ascertain the tariff sentiment among Democratic leaders. All the dozen or more interviewed, except the first two named above, think that the incidental free trade possible under the present tariff will be as much as the Democrats can go in for in the next Presidential election.

The Butlerism domination in municipal politics has again added to the disgust of good citizens by the spoilsmen in the Board of Aldermen charging the new Superintendent of Streets, for whom they ejected an able incumbent of twenty years' standing, with "incompetency," because he does not turn out all the trained clerks in the department to make places for their spoilsmen. A. Simmons has been confirmed as Water Commissioner.

At the same meeting, a school-house in the neighborhood of which are eight large drinking saloons which cannot have licenses under the statute for-bidding a rum-shop within 400 feet of a school, was ordered sold This is the second school-house to yield to the rum interest within a year in this city. The new Law and Order League, which has been making it somewhat lively for rumsellers under this and other existing laws, is doing good practical work, though antagonized, of course, by the fanaticism of the Massachusetts State Temperance Alliance, which this week resolved against high li-

cense as tolerating a covenant with sin. The great country park of the city of Boston in West Roxbury, consisting of about 500 acres of romantic natural land, was opened to the public use this week, though nothing has been done in the way of laying out as yet.

The Handel and Haydn triennial festival, though a decided success artistically, is not a great success popularly this year, the public having been surfeited with music in the popular Saturday night Symphony concerts of the past four months.

The models for the statue of Theodore Parker have been added to those for the Paul Revero eques rian statue at the Art Club.

CHICAGO.

POLITICS-TELEGRAPH WIRES -- THE STAGE BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, May 5 .- The Illinois Legislature moves from one sensation to another-none of them very dignified or entertaining to the people at large. The action of the dissolute and perfidious Rook in preventing the seating of Judge Bradwell, who claimed to be elected from this county, has been followed up by a decision of the Republican Seaators in caucus to reject all the Democratic nominations for Justices of the Peace in Chicago. This threat the Democrats, who, though in a minerity, are strong enough to obstruct legislation seriously, met with the threat to retaliate by defeating the Appropriation bills, thus repeating Congressional tactics on a small scale. Apparently each party is afraid of the other, for a brief trace has been effected, and the fight over the Justices has been postponed until next Tuesday. Meanwhile an effort is being made to arrange some compromise, the Governor advising that both the Justices and the appropriations be treated as purely business matters, and that political considerations be eliminated; but, as neither party has confidence in the other, this does not

seem to be a feasible solution. Though the high-license question remains in a sort of torpid state in the Legislature, it is by no means dead; on the other hand there are good reasons for believing that it will pass, and that many Democrats will vote for it. Indeed, it is not uncertain that it may go through as a non-partisan measure. Public sentiment all the time grows stronger, and the pressure for it is now so overwhelming that it will in all likelihood become a law.

An amusing feature of the week in religious circles has been the discussion in the regular weekly ministers' meetings of the relations of the press and the church. The Baptists, after a long debate upon the question of a conference between the representatives of the press and the pulpit, decided that it was impracticable. The Congregationalists have contented themselves by adopting a memorial to the press, asking it to refrain from printing sensational matter or accounts of crimes. The Presbyterians, atter a long discussion led by Dr. Herrick Johnson, the conspicuous assailant of the theatres, appointed a committee who will prepare a paper on the subject. The other denominations have as yet made no sign, and continue reading their papers unaware of the dangerous ground they are treading.

The 1st of May has passed, and the telegraph wires are still in the air, and the work of stringing cables goes on. Promptly on the 1st, the Western Union Telegraph Company appeared in the Federal Court, and the Chicago Telephone Company in the Circuit Court, and filed bills against the city to prevent the cutting of the wires. A temporary injunction was granted in the Circuit Court. against the Western Union Company, the city has agreed that no steps shall be taken toward cutting the wires until the arguments can be heard on the motion before Judge Drummond next week, Meanwhile the work on the conduit for anderground conveyance goes on, and a public exhibition is to be